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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/691,261	10/22/2003	Ian D. Gaston	200901405-1	5449
	7590 01/28/201 CKARD COMPANY	EXAMINER		
Intellectual Property Administration 3404 E. Harmony Road Mail Stop 35 FORT COLLINS, CO 80528			CARTER, CANDICE D	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3629	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			01/28/2010	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

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Office Action Summary

1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12/8/2009.

Application No.	Applicant(s)	Applicant(s)		
10/691,261	GASTON ET AL.			
Examiner	Art Unit			
CANDICE D. CARTER	3629			

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS,

- WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.
- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed
- after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).

 Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any
- earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status			

5. Patent and Trac TOL-326 (Rev		mmary Part of Paper No./Mail Date 20100120				
2) Notice of Information	of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) atton Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date. 5) Advance of Informat Patent Application 6) Other:				
Attachment(s	s)					
- Se	ee the attached detailed Office action for a list of the	certined copies not received.				
* 0 -	application from the International Bureau (PCT					
3	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage					
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
	cknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority] Allb)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:	vunder 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
•	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
-	he oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner	. Note the attached Office Action of form PTO-152.				
		equired if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing					
10)⊠ TI	he drawing(s) filed on <u>22 October 2003</u> is/are: a)⊠	accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.				
9)□ TI	he specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicatio	n Papers					
ا ۱۱(ه	Diamit(s)are subject to restriction and/or election	on requirement.				
	Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or electi	on requirement				
	Claim(s) <u>1,2,4-7,9-12 and 14-21</u> is/are rejected.					
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
	a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from	n consideration.				
4) 🛛 C	Claim(s) <u>1,2,4-7,9-12 and 14-21</u> is/are pending in the application.					
Dispositio	n of Claims					
С	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parter	e Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
3)□ S	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
2a) X I	This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This action	is non-final.				

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DETAILED ACTION

1. The Following is a Final Office Action in response to communications received on December 8, 2009. Claims 1, 6, 11, and 16-21 have been amended. No claims have been cancelled. No new claims have been added. Therefore, claims 1, 2, 4-7, 9-12, and 14-21 are pending and have been addressed below.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- Claims 1, 2, and 5-7, 10-12, and 15-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Falso (2003/0125965) Wolff (5,774,887) and further in view of Hitchcock (6,4460,042).

As per claim 1, Falso discloses "A method for standardizing reporting of issues, assumptions, and risks for a risk review board, the method comprising:

Presenting, via the computer system, with a form for entering information about risk management units including assumptions, risks, issues, and risk plans; receiving, via the computer system, the information about a risk management unit." (¶ 27 and Fig. 2 disclose a display page used to collect information about a risk management contract, where the display page presents a form for entering the information);

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"providing to a user a form via the computer system, the form having entry areas for every element needed to properly adhere to a risk management scheme" (Fig. 2 displays entry fields for elements needed for the risk management contract).

"entering via the computer system information needed to properly adhere to a risk management scheme, the information including at least a name of a risk owner, an explanation of how the risk came about, a driver of the risk, a milestone of the risk, the last possible start date for action to take place to avoid the impact of the risk, the criticality of the risk, the controllability of the risk, what actions have been taken to-date with respect to the risk, one or more actions that have been identified to prevent the risk from occurring, and the cost of any action" (¶ 34 and 35 disclose name fields and positions fields for identifying the name and organizational position of the person with responsibility for the selected contract, where the individual responsible for the contract is the individual that is responsible for the risks associated with the contract [risk owner])

storing via the computer system the supplied information for the risk management unit (¶ 39 discloses an input component that stores entry data in the database)

and allocating via the computer system an assumption reference ID to each assumption, a risk reference ID to each risk, an issue reference ID to each issue, and a risk plan reference ID to each risk plan (¶ 42 and 43 disclose assigning a identification to each variation to a contract, where the variations to the contracts include entered risk factor information related to the proposed contract as disclosed in ¶ 36)

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Falso et al., however, fails to explicitly disclose hindering via the computer system the user from exiting the form prior to supplying appropriate information necessary for adherence to the risk management scheme; and assigning reference numbers to assumptions, risks, risk plans, and issues.

Wolff discloses a customer service electronic form generating system "hindering the user from exiting the form prior to supplying all information" (col. 8, line 26-40 discloses that the system determines whether the form is complete before the user can exit from the existing form into the next uncompleted form).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the pertinent art at the time the invention was made to modify the method for managing contractual risk of Falso to include the hindering of a user from exiting a form as taught by Wolff in order ensure that a user has entered all pertinent information before exiting the form.

Hitchcock discloses a universal forms engine that checks to make sure that appropriate information is supplied to the forms (col. 14, line 63-col. 15, line 5 discloses data validation that checks the validity of the information that is in the fields of the form, where checking the validity is checking that the information is valid and appropriate for the particular fields being used).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the pertinent art at the time the invention was made to modify the method for managing contractual risk of Falso to include checking the validity/appropriateness of the data in the fields of the form as taught by Hitchcock in order to ensure that all data meets the criteria of the data that is requested by the specific form fields. The specific information that is entered in

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the form does not change the function of the claimed invention. Examiner asserts that the method of the Falso, Wolff, and Hitchcock combination is fully capable of providing a form that is capable of receiving any type of information.

Examiner notes that using reference numbers as a way to identify information is old and well known.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the pertinent art at the time the invention was made to modify the method for managing contractual risk of Falso to include using reference numbers for identification of information input into a form for the predictable result of enabling standard identification of form entries.

Furthermore, Examiner considers that specific information being entered into the form presented by the computer system to be nonfunctional descriptive material

Claims 6 and 11 recite equivalent limitations to claim 1 and are, therefore, rejected using the same art and rationale as set forth above.

As per claim 2, Falso further discloses "generating a report in a standardized format based on the information about the risk" (¶ 21 discloses generating a risk report which includes the information about the risk contract and Fig. 5 displays a sample risk report that is generated in a standardized format).

Claims 7 and 12 recite equivalent limitations to claim 2 and are, therefore, rejected using the same art and rationale as set forth above.

As per claim 5, Falso discloses all of the elements of the claimed invention but fails to explicitly disclose "the step of hindering the user from exiting the form prior to supplying appropriate information necessary for adherence to the risk management

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scheme comprises preventing the user from exiting an entry field until the user has provided an entry for the entry field".

Wolff discloses a customer service electronic form generating system "preventing the user from exiting an entry field until the user has provided an entry for the entry field" (col. 9, line 37-47 discloses that the system determines whether the customer service representative has completed the current field before allowing the customer to move onto the next fields).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the pertinent art at the time the invention was made to modify the method and system for managing contractual risk of Falso to include the step of hindering a user from exiting a field before completing it as taught by Wolff in order to ensure that a user has entered all pertinent information before exiting the field.

Hitchcock discloses a universal forms engine that checks to make sure that appropriate information is supplied to the forms (col. 14, line 63-col. 15, line 5 discloses data validation that checks the validity of the information that is in the fields of the form, where checking the validity is checking that the information is valid and appropriate for the particular fields being used).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the pertinent art at the time the invention was made to modify the method for managing contractual risk of Falso to include checking the validity/appropriateness of the data in the fields of the form as taught by Hitchcock in order to ensure that all data meets the criteria of the data that is requested by the specific form fields.

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Claims 10 and 15 recite equivalent limitations to claim 5 and are, therefore, rejected using the same art and rationale as set forth above.

Examiner considers claims 16-21 to be nonfunctional descriptive material. The specific information that is entered in the form does not change the function of the claimed invention. Examiner asserts that the method of the Falso, Wolff, and Hitchcock combination is fully capable of providing a form that is capable of receiving any type of information.

 Claims 4, 9, and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Falso in view of Wolff in view of Hitchcock and further in view of Engert (1999).

As per claim 4, Falso further discloses a risk management scheme (¶ 19 discloses a system for managing risk factors, where this system is a risk management scheme).

Falso, however, fails to explicitly disclose an ABCD risk management scheme, wherein at least one of the letters of "A", "B", "C", and "D" are ascribed to a determined level of risk.

Engert discloses a risk matrix user's guide having a risk management scheme that ascribes letters to a determined level of risk (see page 16).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the pertinent art at the time the invention was made to modify the method and system for managing contractual risk of the Falso et al., Wolff et al., and Hitchcock combination to include a

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risk management scheme ascribing letters to a determined level of risk as taught by Engert in order to easily measure/identify risk type and severity.

Furthermore, Examiner considers the specific characters/letters that are ascribed to be nonfunctional. The specific letters, characters, or notations being used to identify risk levels does not change the function of the claimed invention.

Claims 9 and 14 recites equivalent limitations to claim 4 and are, therefore, rejected using the same art and rationale as set forth above.

Response to Arguments

 Applicant's arguments filed have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

In response to Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1, 6, and 11, that the specific information including the assumptions, risks, issues, and risk plans are not nonfunctional in view of the amendments because they are each allocated a reference number via the computer system, Examiner respectfully disagrees. Examiner asserts that the assignment of the reference numbers does not make the specific information functional. Any piece of information may be assigned a reference number. The fact that the information has a reference number does not give the information a function; it merely gives the information an identification.

In response to arguments in reference to all depending claims not individually addressed, all rejections made towards the dependent claims are maintained due to a lack of reply by the applicant in regards to distinctly and specifically pointing out the supposed errors in the examiner's prior office action (37 CFR 1.111). The Examiner

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asserts that the applicant only argues that the dependent claims should be allowable because the independent claims are unobvious and patentable over the prior art.

Conclusion

 THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to CANDICE D. CARTER whose telephone number is (571) 270-5105. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday thru Thursday 7:30am-6:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Weiss can be reached on (571) 272-6812. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/C. D. C./ Examiner, Art Unit 3629

/JOHN G. WEISS/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3629